Xi’an, also called Chang’an, once the largest city in the world, is perhaps one of the most fabulous cities in China. For more than 1,100 years until the 10th century AD, this city in central China was the capital of 13 dynasties, including the great Han dynasty and the Tang. The Terra-cotta Warriors and Horse of Xi’an, is the greatest archeological found of this century. The other landmark like Big Wild Goose Pagoda mirrors China’s long history.

The sightseeing is offered as list

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*Package include:* lunch, guide, entrance fee and transportation in coach.

★ **Terra-Cotta Warriors and Horses Museum**

The most significant archeological excavations of the 20th century. Over 8,000 clay soldiers and horses will take you back into the ancient Warring States period.
★ **Emperor Qinshihuang’s Mausoleum**

1.5 kilometres to the west of Terra-Cotta Warriors and Horses Museum, for the first emperor of China.

★ **Huaqing Pool**

Being a villa palace and resort for emperors and kings in ancient times, it has a history of more than 3000 years. The Tang Emperor Xuanzong and his concubine Lady Yang often came here for pleasure.

★ **Shaanxi Provincial Historical Museum**

Houses more than 110,000 pieces of historical and cultural relics, of which the 3,000 objects on display. It is an ideal place for learning about the origins and development of ancient Chinese history.

★ **Big Wild Goose Pagoda**

Built in 652 AD, 64 meters high, with seven stories, where widely renowned Master Xuanzang (Monk Tripitaka) stored his classics brought from India.

★ **Tang Dynasty Paradise**

A theme park featuring the culture of the Tang Dynasty (618-907AD). Over 15 million dollars were invest here. In addition, you will see a brilliant performance of Tang music and dance over a thousand years ago. It has been recreated in accordance with various historical records as well as ancient art and relics discovered in Xian. This show has been treasured as a national art that reflects the glory and richness of the Tang Dynasty era.
Mount Huashan  One of five distinguished mountains in China, 100 kilometers from Xi'an, famous nationwide for its steep face. The summit is 2,160 meters above level. Cable car is offered.

Famen Temple  100km to the west of Xi’an, in which the pagoda stands used to be an imperial temple from dynasty to dynasty. In 1987, an underground palace of Tang Dynasty was discovered beneath the foundation of the pagoda and many royal treasures and jewellery were found. The most precious are the four slivers of veritable finger bone of the Sakymuni Buddha.

Qianling Mausoleum  This great mausoleum occupies a prominent site on the summit of Liangshan Hill, constructed for the unique female king of China, Empress Wuzetian and her husband.

Princess Yongtai’s Tomb  Yongtai was the granddaughter of Empress Wu Zetian. This was the first tomb to be excavated and remains the most impressive of all the satellite tombs in Qianling.